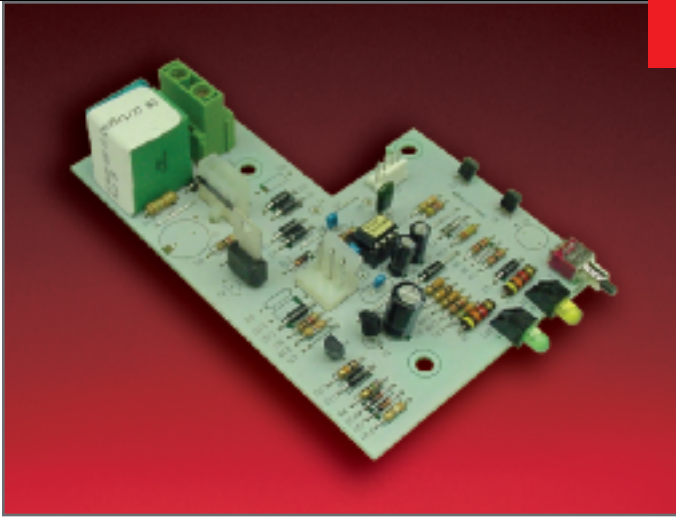


■ Pulse Type Circuitry



Lightalarms PulseType circuitry utilizes the latest in solid state design to provide a technically advanced charger combined with features and functions that promote long reliable battery life and excellent unit performance.

The design of the PulseType circuit takes into account the long periods of inactivity typical of standby emergency equipment. Batteries are kept at full capacity by a pulse charge that allows the battery to cycle continuously. This greatly reduces the problem of grid corrosion and dramatically increases battery performance.

Lightalarms computer-tests all active components on the circuit boards during assembly. Critical functions such as brownout, low voltage disconnect, and charge voltage are individually monitored and adjusted at the factory.

▣ FEATURES

120/277 Volt Input

Capability to operate with 120 volt or 277 volt input.

Fused Output Circuit for Units with Remote Capacity

Emergency units up to 54 watts have a single fused output circuit. Units over 54 watts have two fused output circuits supplied standard.

Dual Diagnostic Indicator Lights

Dual indicators, red and amber continuously monitor the condition of the battery, charge circuit and presence of AC.

Temperature Compensation

At high ambient temperatures, batteries need less charge voltage to recharge. At cold temperatures, batteries require a higher charge to maintain full capacity. The PulseType charger automatically adjusts the charge voltage to precisely what the batteries require at a given temperature.

Sealed Relay

Sealed relay protects against environmental contaminants.

Low Voltage Battery Disconnect

The lighting load is disconnected from the battery at 87.5% of nominal battery voltage. This prevents deep discharge damage to the battery.

Brownout Protection

Emergency lamps energized when AC voltage falls to approx. 80% of nominal voltage, the level at which most fluorescent and HID fixtures extinguish.

Battery Lockout

This labor saving feature prevents the battery from discharging when the unit is installed to a non-energized circuit. The battery is electronically locked out until the unit is energized with AC power. Contractors do not have to return to a job site to connect batteries when the building's main power is turned on. They can install the unit and connect the battery in one convenient operation.

Reverse Polarity Protection

A polarized plug is used to connect the battery to the circuit board, thus preventing damage from occurring to the system.

Current Limited Output

Extends battery life by preventing overheating and battery gassing during recharge.